# LHC collimators

Mechanical point of view

- 1 Collimator number and types.
- 2 Parameters for technical specification.
- <u>3</u> Collimators in LHC tunnel.
- 4 Present status of collimator studies

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## 1 Collimator number and types.

A total of 66 collimators, 1 or 2 moveable jaws, are repertoriated for:

#### <u>Momentum cleaning in IR3:</u>

1 primary (TCP: H plane) 200mm Al, Ti, or other light material jaws

Associated with

6 secondaries (TCS: H, S(kew), V plane) 500mm Cu jaws per beam.

#### Betatron cleaning in IR7:

<u>4 primaries</u> (TCP, H, S, V plane) 200mm Al, Ti, or other light material jaws Associated with

16 secondaries (TCS, 4xH, 4xS, 4xV plane) 500mm Cu jaws for per beam.

#### <u>Injection single pass cleaning:</u>

2 tertiaries (TCL, V plane) 1000mm Cu jaw(s) in IR2R for beam1 and in IR8L for beam2.

#### <u>High luminosity region protection:</u>

2 tertiaries (TCL, H plane) 1000mm Cu jaw(s) per beam in IR1 and in IR5

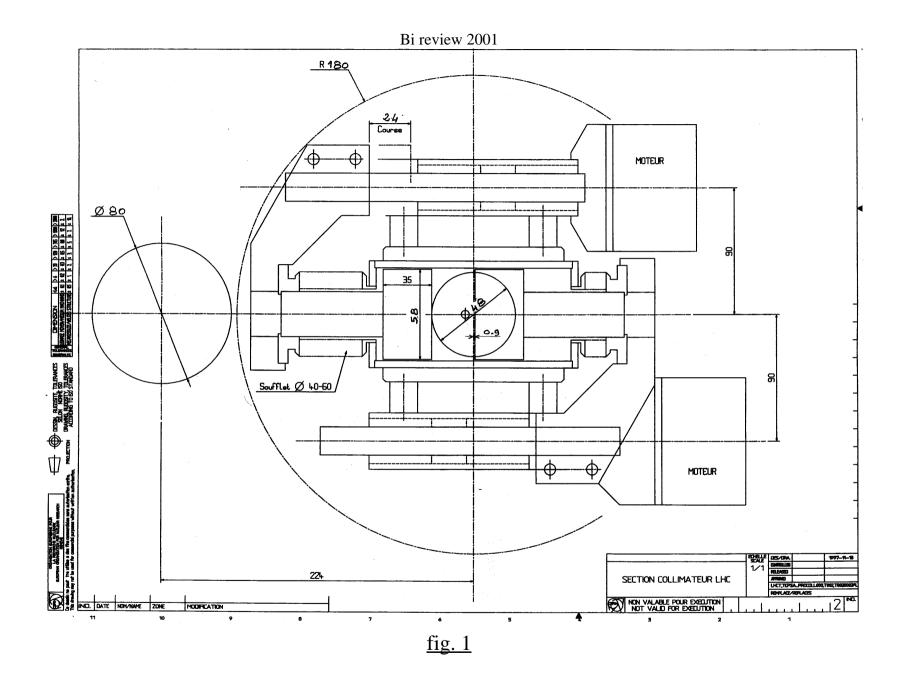
# 2 Parameters for technical specification.

#### \_ Aperture limits:

- -1- Maximum:  $\phi$  48mm to be confirmed.
  - \_ It defines the transition pieces length (~ 100mm), to avoid impedance perturbations, on both ends of the jaws.
- -2- Operating aperture at 7 TeV:
  - \_ Hence the <u>primary</u> collimator jaws are closed at  $\pm$  6 $\sigma$  ( $\sigma$ col ~ 150  $\mu$ m) total aperture is ~ 1.8mm (<u>fig. 1</u>).

#### <u>Jaw positioning precision and quality:</u>

- -1- Jaw positioning:
  - \_ No absolute positions are required: <u>only position wrt local beam position and size</u>.
  - \_ Precision required in relative position:  $\pm \delta x$ ,  $\delta x \le 0.3 \sigma col$  (~ 50 $\mu m$ ).
  - \_ Stepping increment: 2.5 μm expected, 5 μm in LEP.
  - \_ Position repeatability:  $< \frac{1}{2}$  step ( $< 2 \mu m$  achieved in lab).
- -2- Jaw quality:
  - \_ Flatness:  $20 50 \,\mu\text{m}$  (120  $\mu$ m achieved in LEP with composite jaw: fig. 2).
  - \_ Surface roughness: 1.6 μm high quality machining.
  - \_ Tolerances in angle:  $\pm 0.1$  mrad.



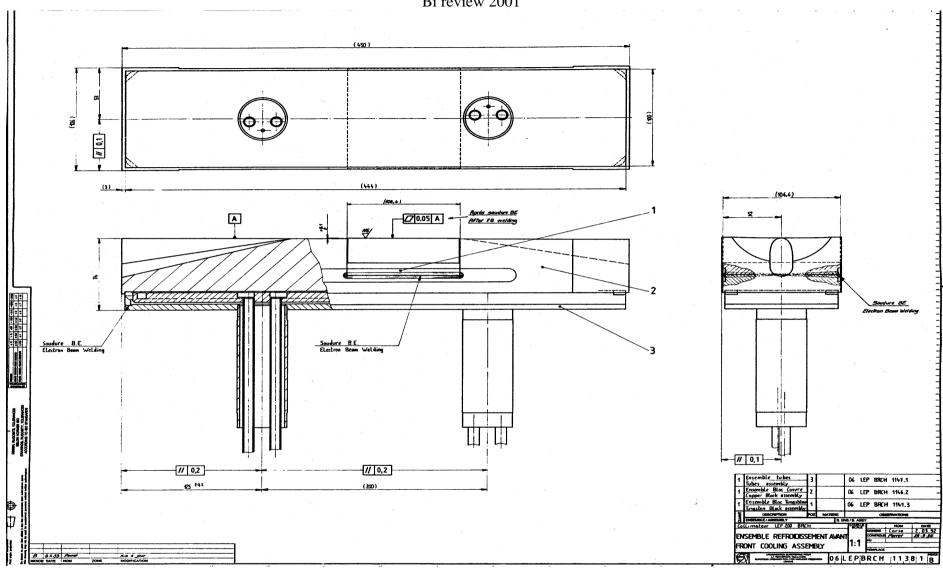


fig. 2

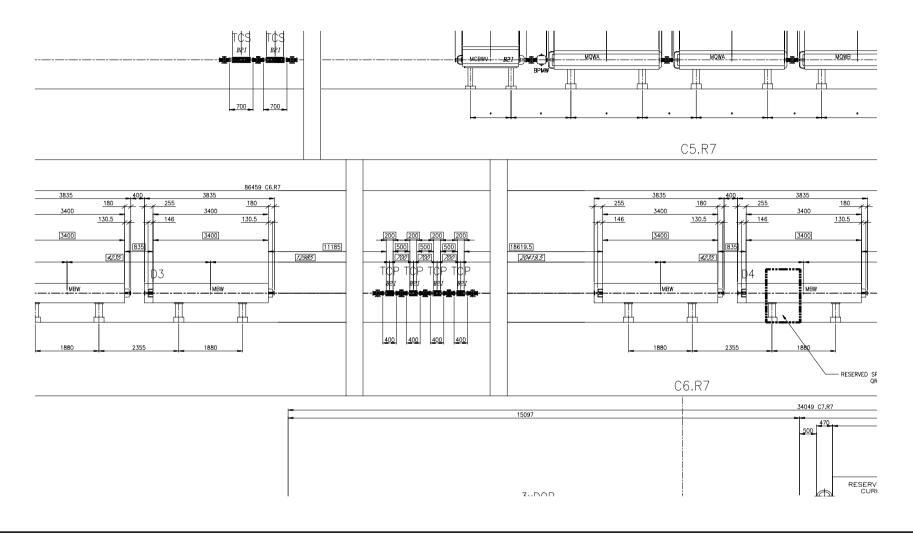
-3- Error contribution ( $\delta x$ ):

- \_ Jaws positioning precision wrt external reference sockets fixed on the tank.
- \_ Jaw motion (motor unit + mechanical driving) & control.
- \_ Thermal expansion effects.

# 3 Collimator in LHC tunnel.

### LHC environment (from integration layout):

- -1- Comfortable situation in general: fig. 3
- -2- Critical situation at some secondary collimators (located inside Quad section): fig.4

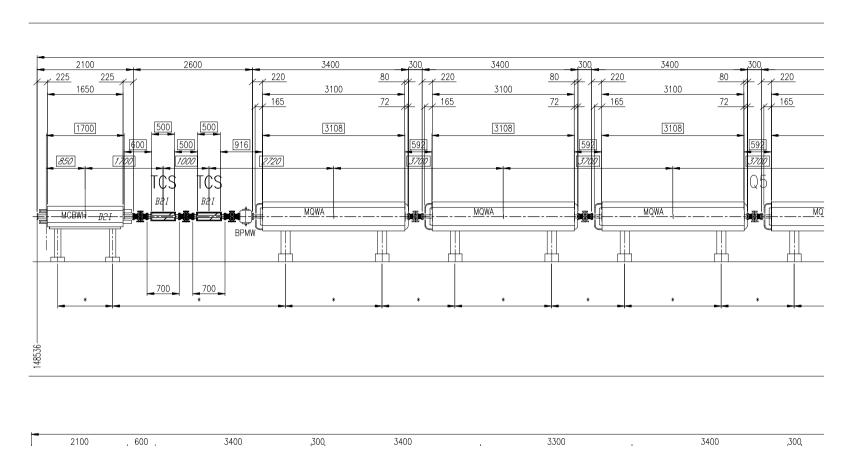


<u>fig. 3</u>

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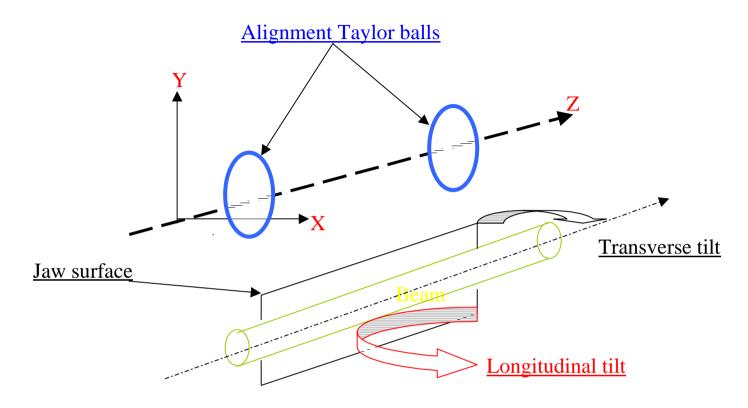
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UKL SIDE OF CRYOSIAI



<u>fig. 4</u>

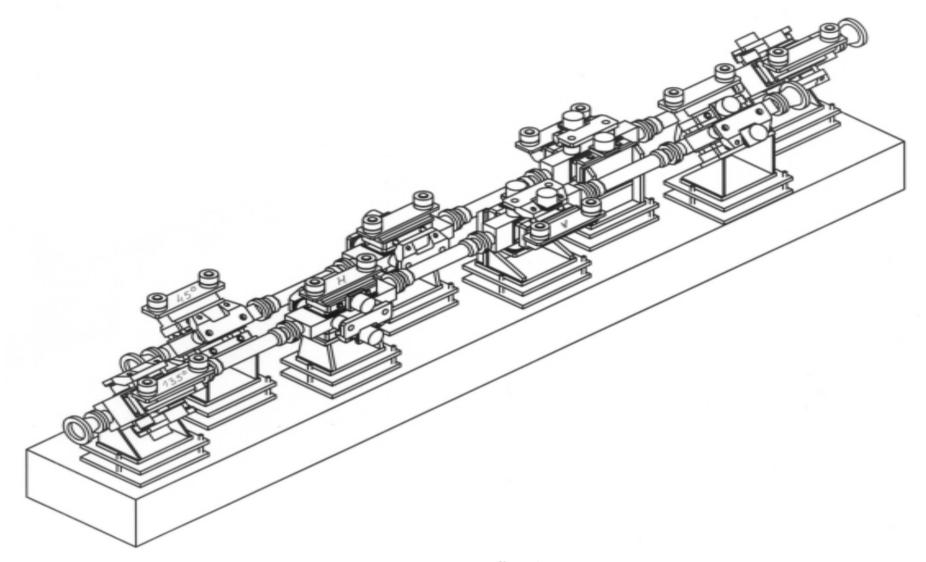
#### Alignment parameters and precisions:



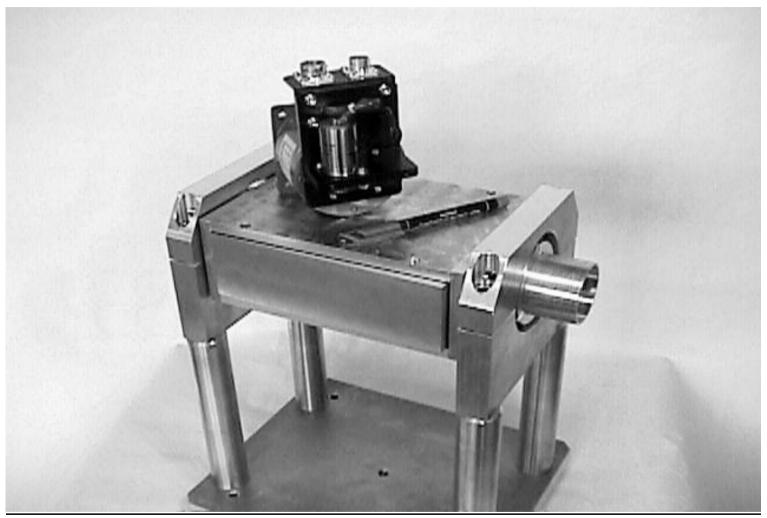
- $\underline{Z}$  precision positioning is not critical (precision may be defined as  $\pm 1$ mm).
- \_ Precision on X &Y positioning (of each Taylor ball) guarantees relative jaws position wrt local references (surrounding Quad or Dip)
- \_Longitudinal tilt depends on precision on X or Y or both.
- \_ Collimators stability inside LHC tunnel must also be considered (ground motion...).

## 4 Present status of collimator studies

- -1- A collimator model is being built to investigate:
  - \_ Integration components.
  - \_ Transition pieces and impedance measurements.
  - \_ A "scale 1" collimator for integration studies in LHC (<u>fig. 5 & Picture1</u>).
- -2- Due to high radiation level around collimators (>10<sup>5</sup> Gy/y):
  - \_ Special components have to be selected.
  - \_ Quick, precise and stable alignment mechanical system has to be provided.
  - \_ A "plug and play" tank fixation will be studied (collimator failure).
- -3- Good vacuum properties are expected, but must be still specified by LHC/VAC.
- -4- Shielding and BLM configuration around collimators has to be compatible.



<u>fig. 5</u>



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Picture 1

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