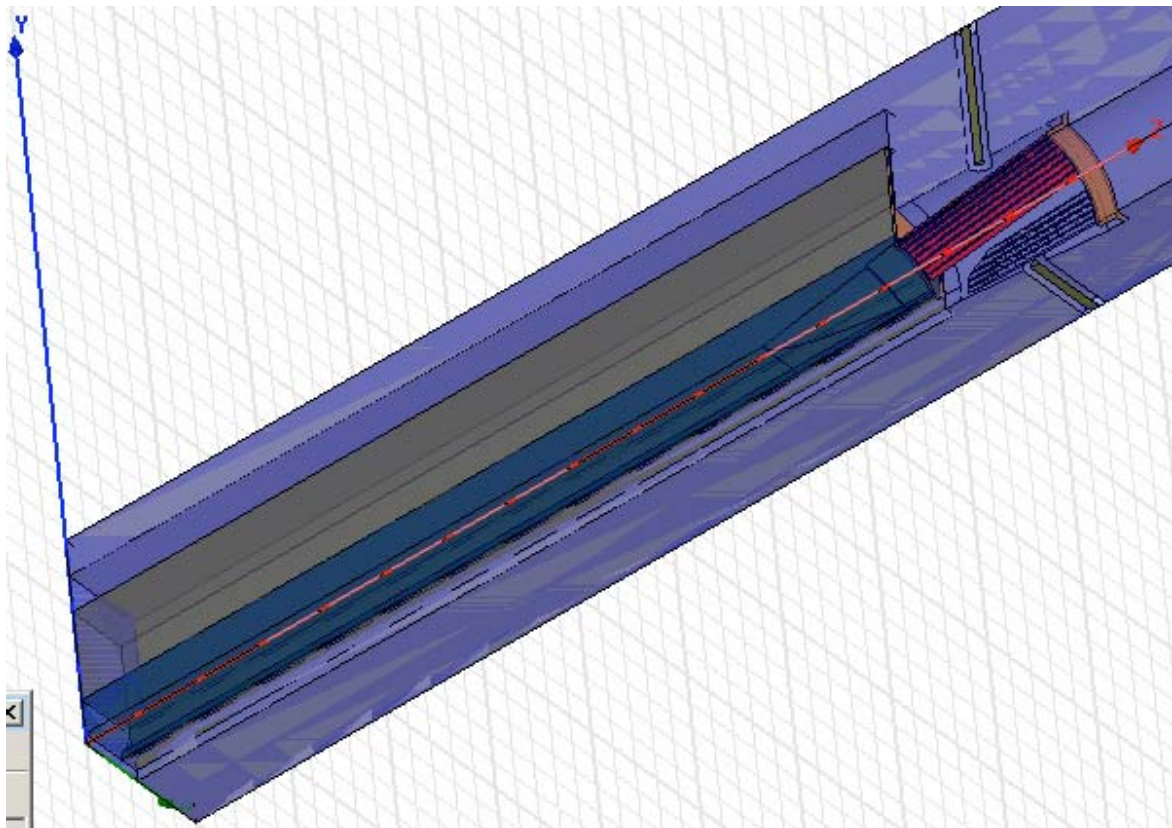


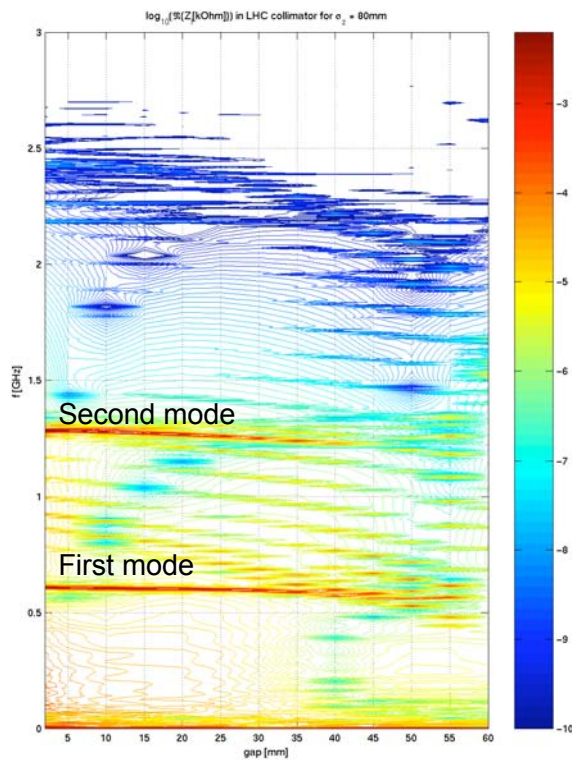
# Simulation of trapped modes in LHC collimator

A.Grudiev

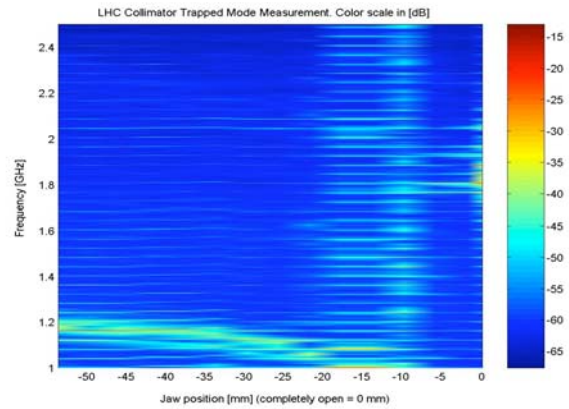
LHC collimator prototype geometry in HFSS



# Effective longitudinal impedance calculated using GdfidL (left) and measured with SPS beam (right)

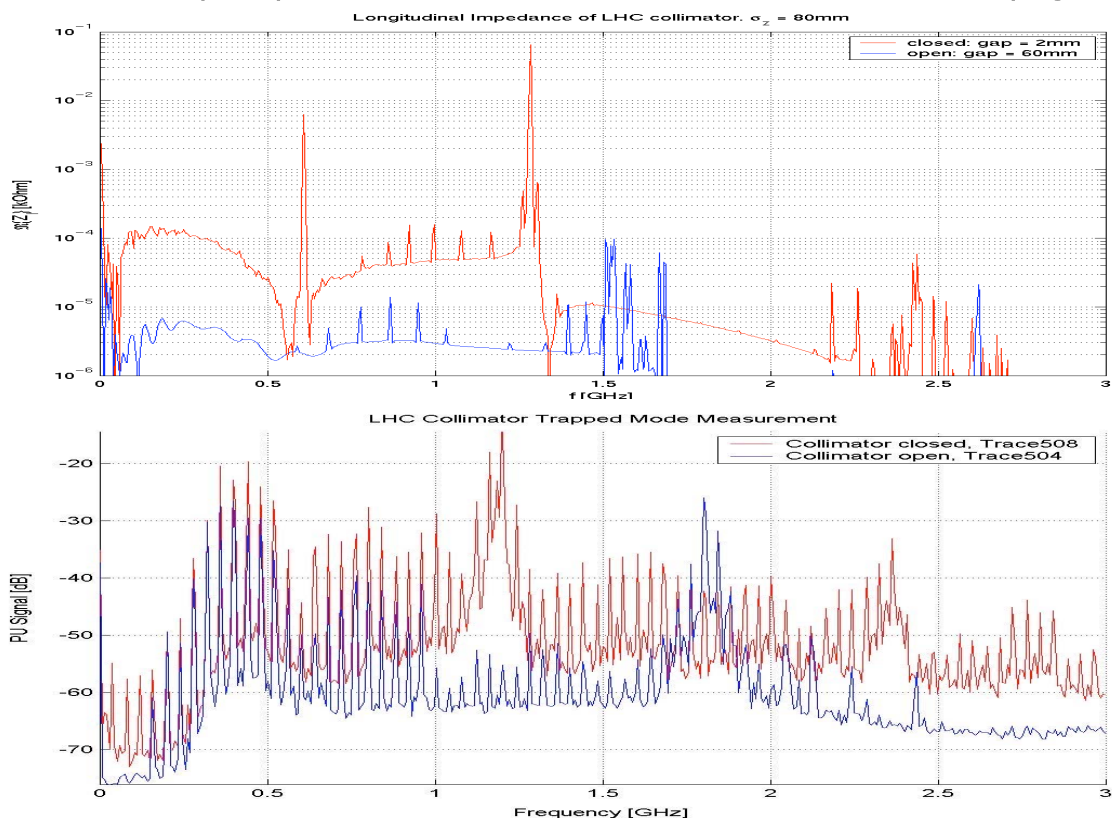


Measured by  
F.Caspers and T. Kroyer

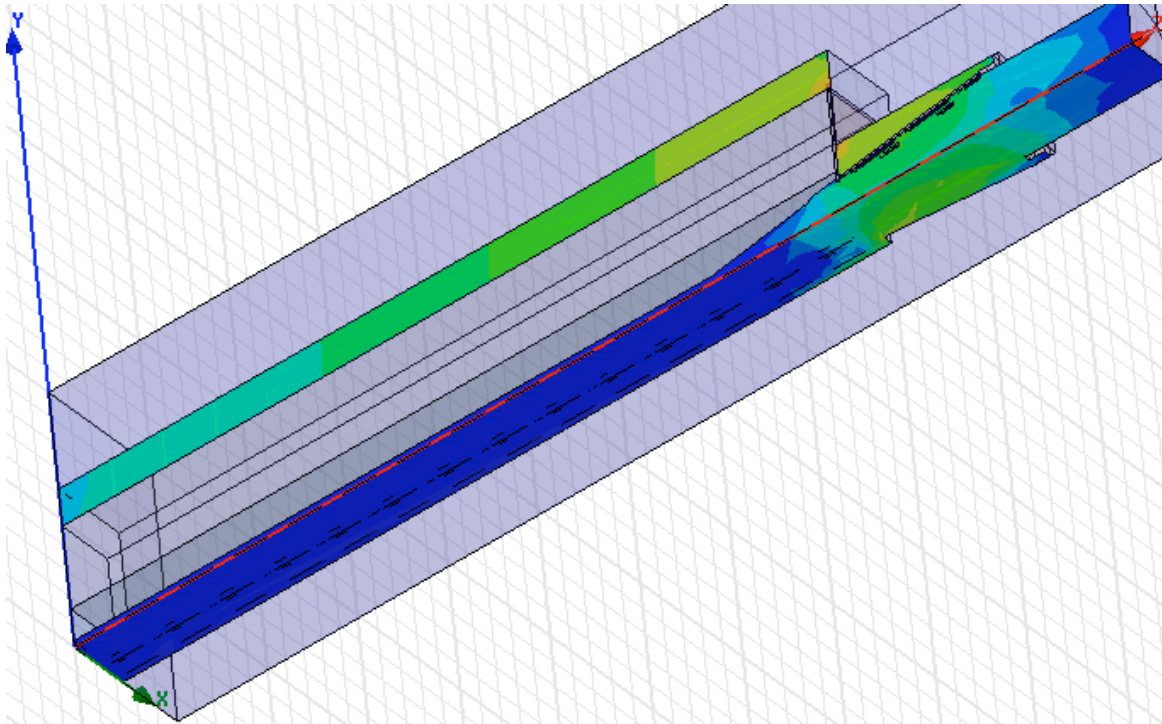


Gap varied from 6 to 60 mm

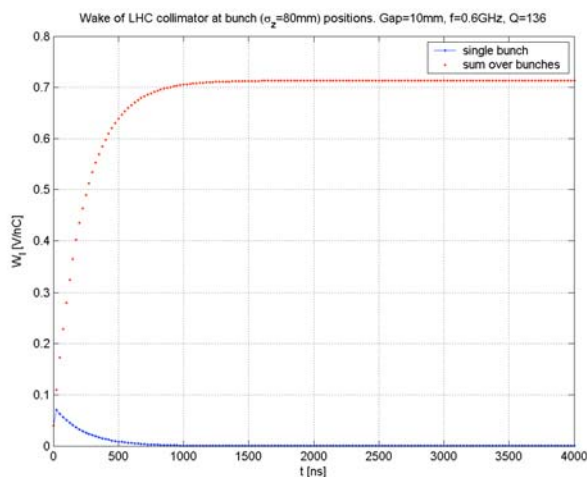
# Effective longitudinal impedance calculated using GdfidL (left) and measured with SPS beam (right)



## Electric field of the first m=0 mode in log scale (gap=10mm)



First bunch (blue) and total wake (red) along the train for the first m=0 mode



$f=0.6\text{GHz}$

(15<sup>th</sup>-harmonic of bunch frequency)

$Q=136$

$r/Q = 0.1 \text{ Ohm}$  (accelerator impedance)

$k = 0.13 \text{ V/nC}$  (loss factor)

For  $\sigma_z = 80\text{mm}$

Max. single bunch energy loss:

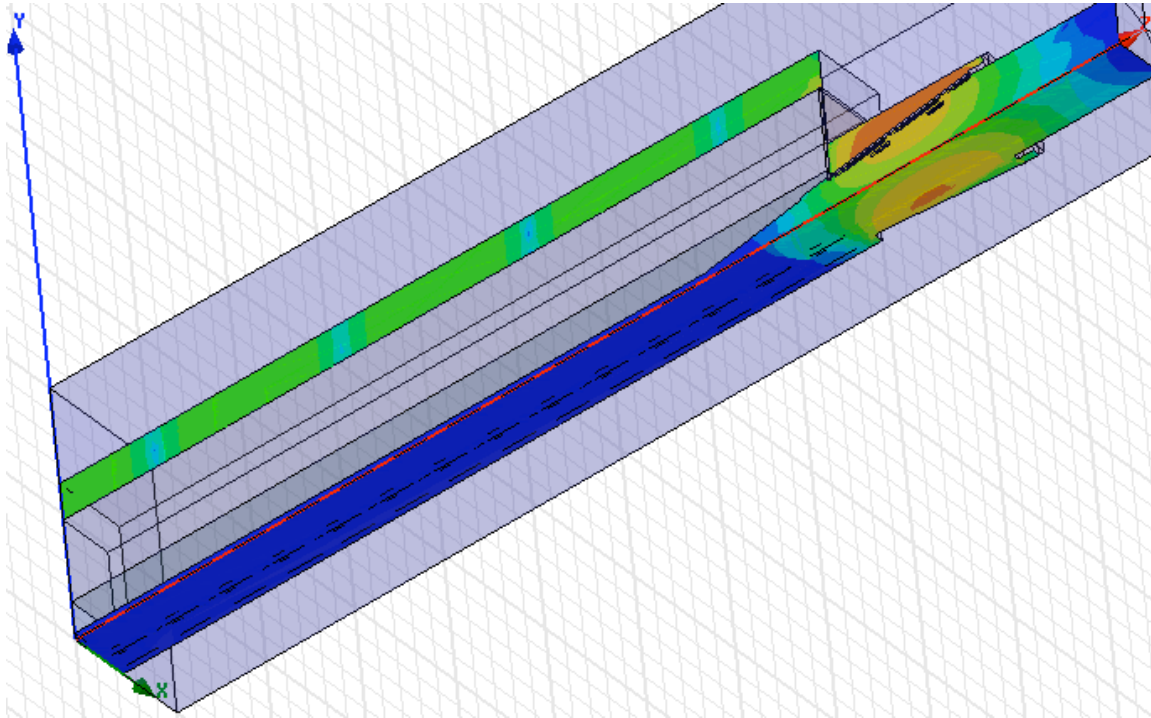
$0.7\text{V/nC} \times 16\text{nC} = 11\text{V}$

Total energy loss per train (2808 bunches):

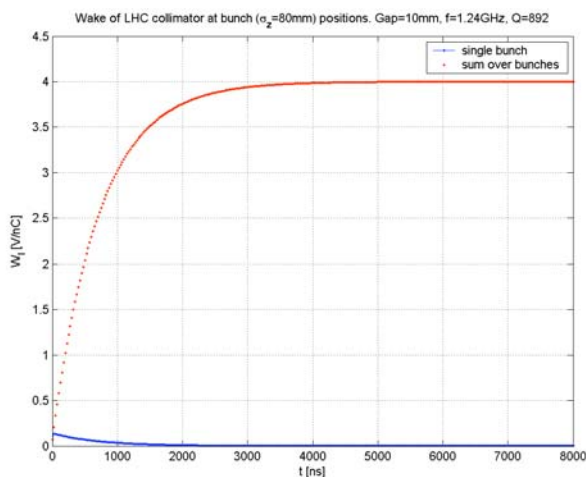
$dE = 0.5 \text{ mJ}$

Dissipated power:  $dE \times \text{frev} = 6 \text{ W}$

## Electric field of the second m=0 mode in log scale (gap=10mm)



First bunch (blue) and total wake (red) along the train for the second m=0 mode



$f=1.24\text{GHz}$

(31<sup>st</sup>-harmonic of bunch frequency)

$Q=892$

$r/Q = 2.67 \text{ Ohm}$  (accelerator impedance)

$k = 5.2 \text{ V/nC}$  (loss factor)

For  $\sigma_z = 80\text{mm}$

Max. single bunch energy loss:

$4\text{V/nC} \times 16\text{nC} = 64\text{V}$

Total energy loss per train:

$dE = 2.8 \text{ mJ}$

Total dissipated power per collimator:

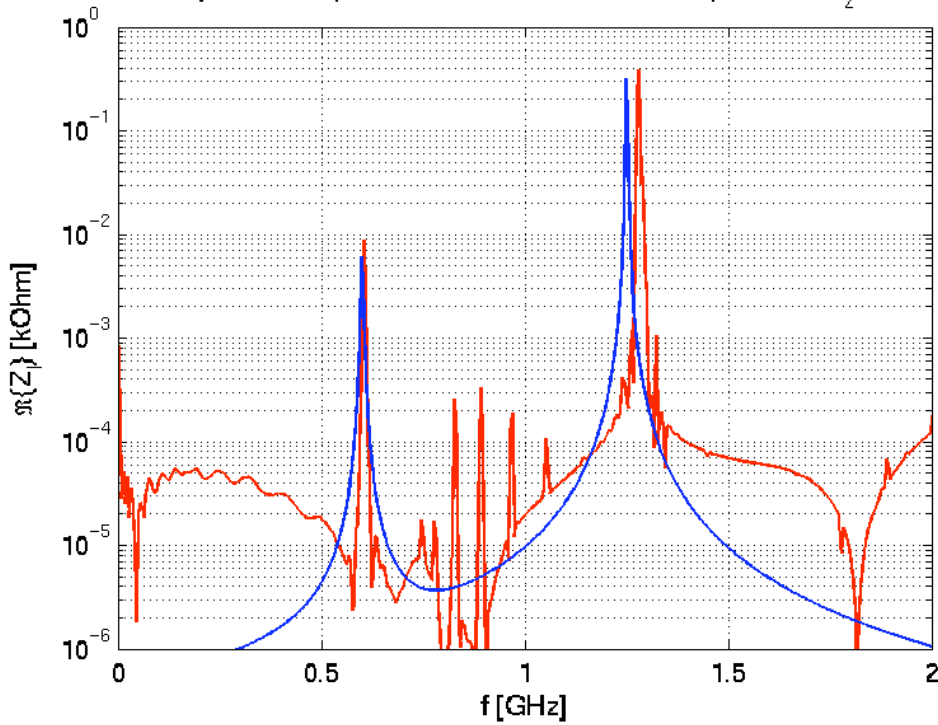
$dE \times \text{frev} = 32 \text{ W}$

**12.3%** is dissipated in rf fingers: **4 W**

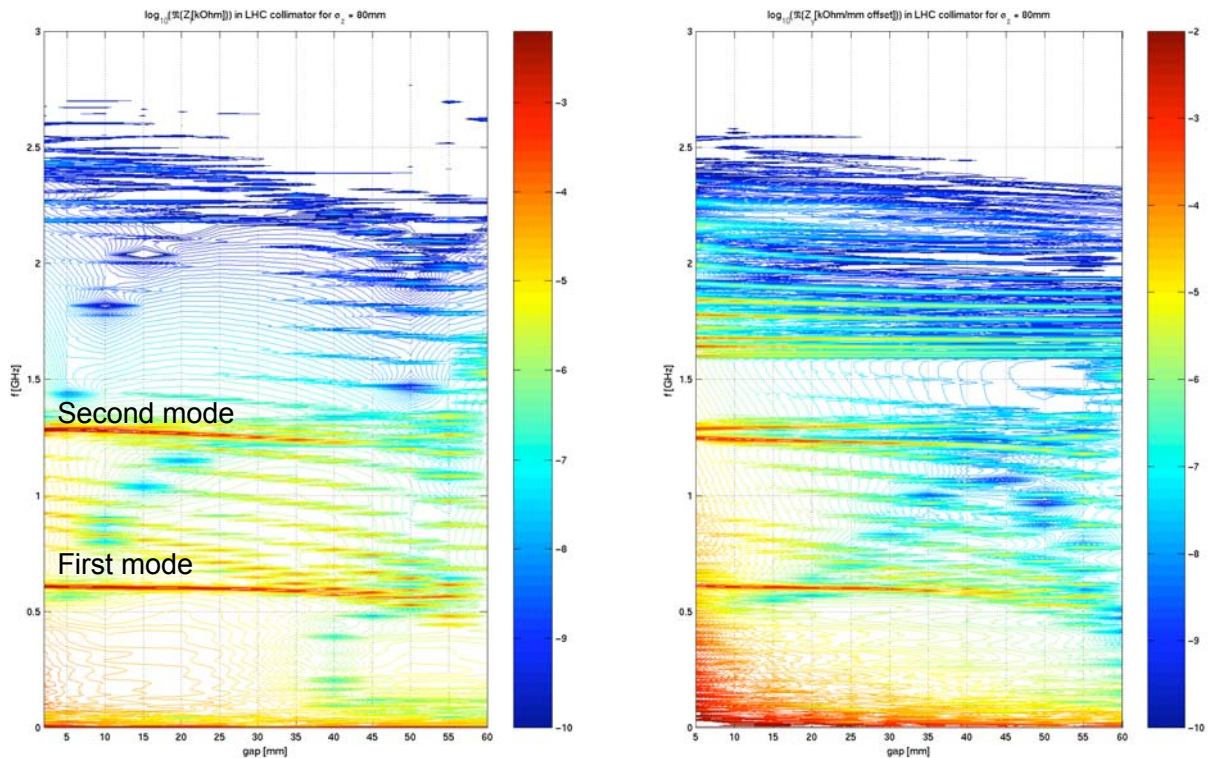
D. Schulte has calculated a mode at 1.15GHz with **110W** of total dissipated power

# Longitudinal impedance calculated using Gdfidl (red) and reconstructed from HFSS (blue)

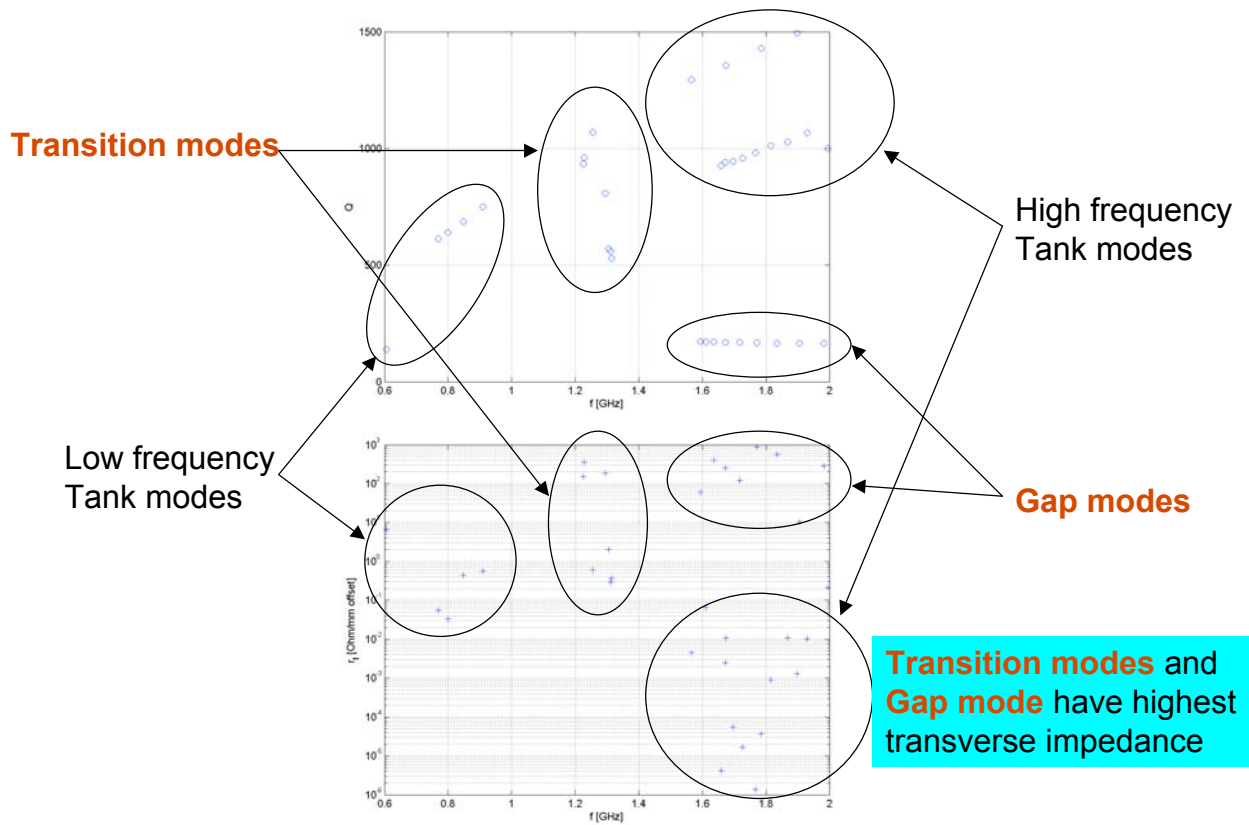
Longitudinal Impedance of LHC collimator: Gap=10mm,  $\sigma_z = 0$



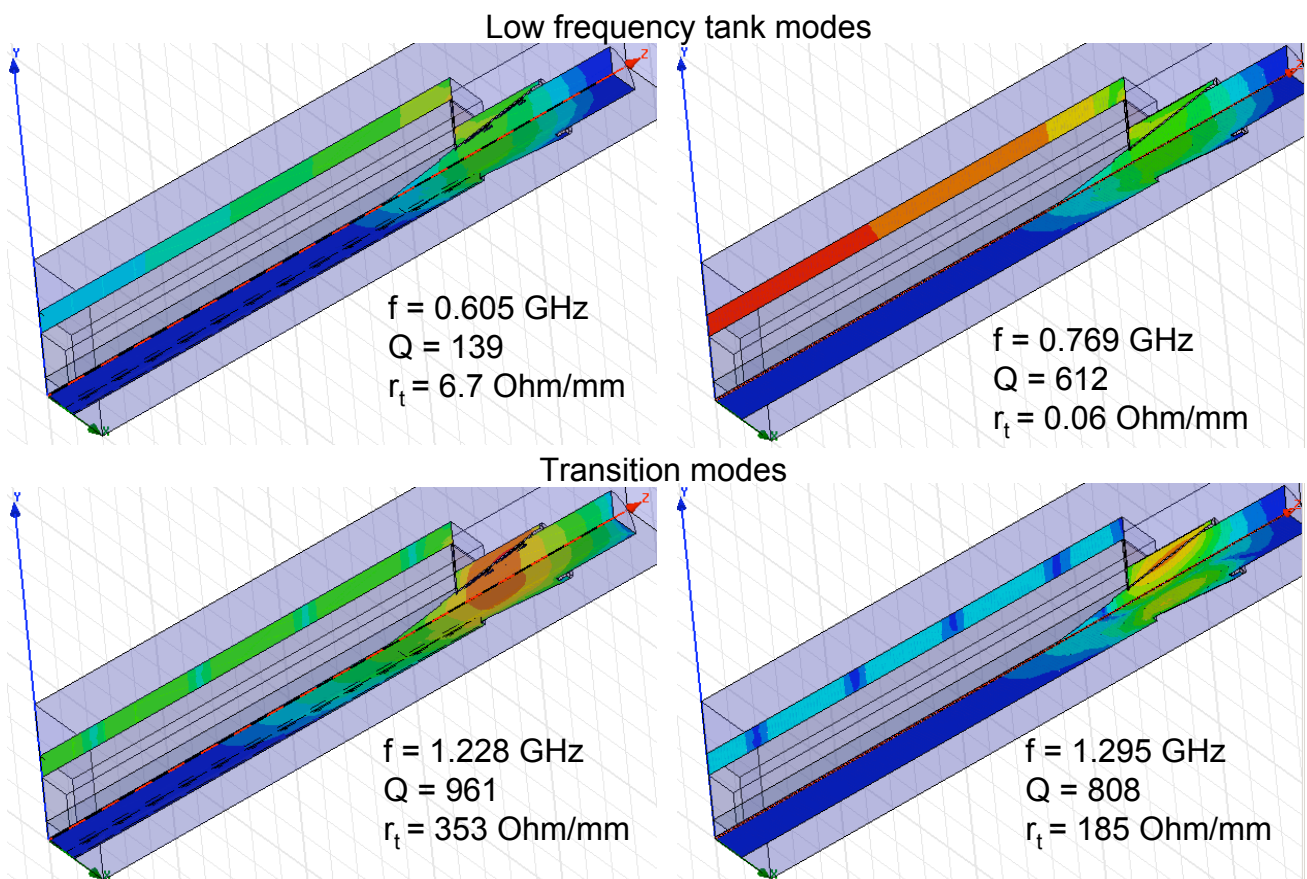
# Effective longitudinal (left) and transverse (right) impedance calculated by GdfidL



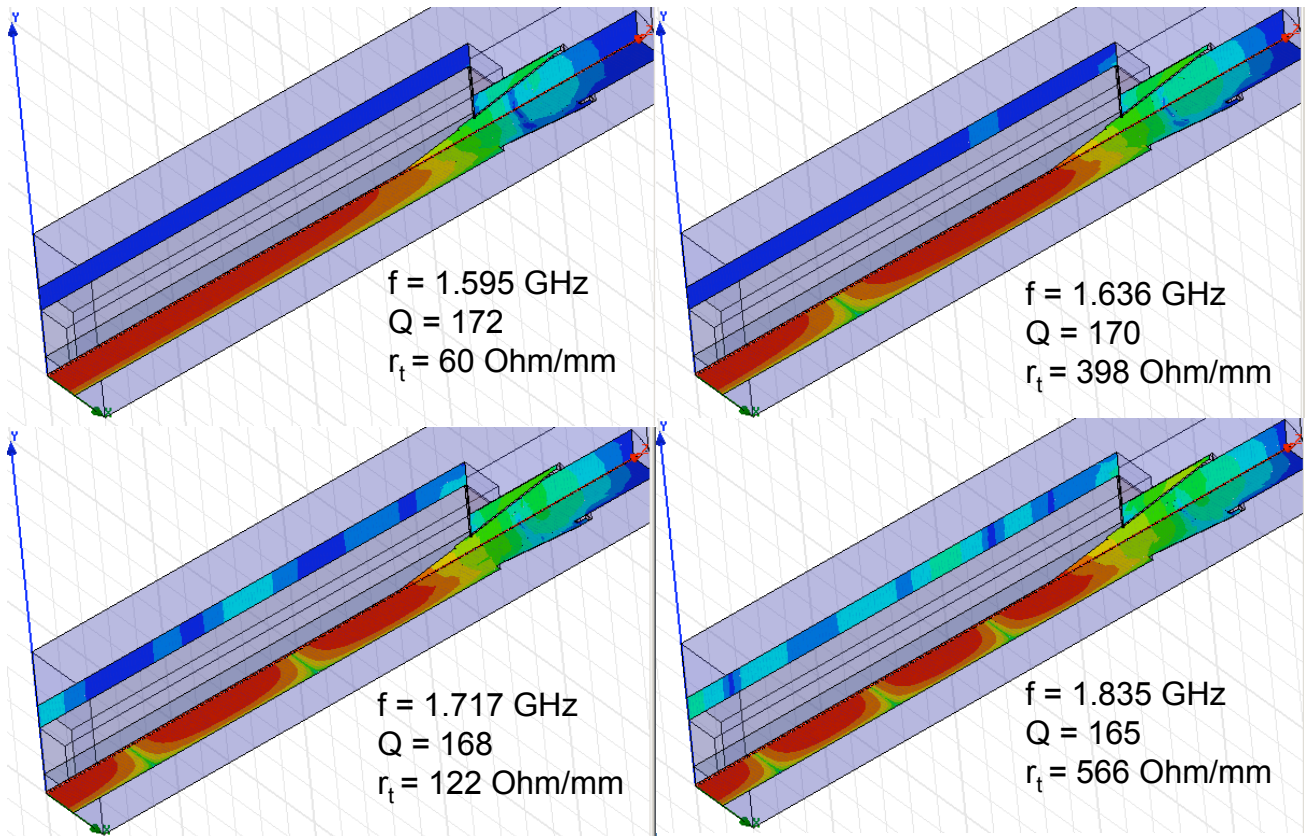
# Q-factor and transverse impedance of trapped modes



## Electric field distribution of some trapped modes (m=1)



## Electric field distribution of gap modes (m=1)



## Electric field distribution of high frequency tank modes (m=1)

